

**HOUSEHOLD DATA
ANNUAL AVERAGES**

Table 44. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by selected characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristic	2001				
	Workers paid hourly rates				
	Total	Below prevailing Federal minimum wage	At prevailing Federal minimum wage	Total at or below prevailing Federal minimum wage	
				Number	Percent of hourly-paid workers
SEX AND AGE					
Total, 16 years and over	72,486	1,602	636	2,238	3.1
16 to 24 years	16,602	830	376	1,206	7.3
25 years and over	55,884	771	260	1,032	1.8
Men, 16 years and over	36,029	529	255	784	2.2
16 to 24 years	8,491	296	177	473	5.6
25 years and over	27,538	233	78	311	1.1
Women, 16 years and over	36,457	1,073	381	1,454	4.0
16 to 24 years	8,111	534	199	733	9.0
25 years and over	28,346	539	182	721	2.5
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX					
White, 16 years and over	59,152	1,359	502	1,861	3.1
Men	29,792	444	198	641	2.2
Women	29,360	915	304	1,219	4.2
Black, 16 years and over	10,014	183	114	297	3.0
Men	4,583	64	50	114	2.5
Women	5,431	119	64	183	3.4
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over	10,030	187	114	302	3.0
Men	5,772	83	55	138	2.4
Women	4,258	104	59	164	3.8
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS AND SEX ¹					
Full-time workers	55,232	662	191	853	1.5
Men	30,452	249	79	328	1.1
Women	24,780	413	112	525	2.1
Part-time workers	17,124	937	441	1,378	8.0
Men	5,511	279	176	455	8.3
Women	11,613	657	266	923	7.9

¹ The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

NOTE: The prevailing Federal minimum wage was \$5.15 per hour in 2001. Data are for wage and salary workers, excluding the incorporated self-employed. They refer to a person's earnings on their sole or principal job, and pertain only to workers who are paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and other nonhourly workers are not included. The

presence of workers with hourly earnings below the minimum wage does not necessarily indicate violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as there are exceptions to the minimum wage provisions of the law. In addition, some survey respondents might have rounded hourly earnings to the nearest dollar, and, as a result, reported hourly earnings below the minimum wage even though they earned the minimum wage or higher. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.